

BIG-IP[®] Virtual Edition and Linux KVM: Setup

Version 12.1



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Getting Started with BIG-IP Virtual Edition on KVM

Steps to deploy BIG-IP VE

To deploy the BIG-IP® Virtual Edition (VE) system on KVM, you will perform these tasks.

Step	Details
1	Choose the license you want to buy, the BIG-IP VE modules you want, and the throughput you need. See <i>SOL14810: Overview of BIG-IP® VE license and throughput limits</i> on the AskF5™ Knowledge Base (http://support.f5.com) for details.
2	Confirm that you are running a hypervisor version that is compatible with a BIG-IP VE release. See <i>Virtual Edition and Supported Hypervisors Matrix</i> on http://support.f5.com for details.
3	Verify that the host hardware meets the recommended requirements.
4	If you plan to use SR-IOV, enable it on the hypervisor.
5	Download a BIG-IP VE image and deploy it.
6	Assign a management IP address to the virtual machine.

After you complete these tasks, you can log in to the BIG-IP VE system and run the Setup utility to perform basic network configuration.

Prerequisites for BIG-IP Virtual Edition on KVM

Host CPU requirements

The host hardware CPU must meet the following requirements.

- The CPU must have 64-bit architecture.
- The CPU must have virtualization support (AMD-V or Intel VT-x) enabled.
- The CPU must support a one-to-one, thread-to-defined virtual CPU ratio, or on single-threading architectures, support at least one core per defined virtual CPU.
- If your CPU supports the Advanced Encryption Standard New Instruction (AES-NI), SSL encryption processing on BIG-IP® VE will be faster. Contact your CPU vendor for details about which CPUs provide AES-NI support.

Host memory requirements

The number of licensed TMM cores determines how much memory the host system requires.

Number of cores	Memory required
1	2 Gb
2	4 Gb
4	8 Gb
8	16 Gb

Configuring SR-IOV on the hypervisor

To increase performance, you can enable Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV). You need an SR-IOV-compatible network interface card (NIC) installed and the SR-IOV BIOS must be enabled.

See the KVM documentation for details.

To complete SR-IOV configuration, after you deploy BIG-IP® VE, you must add three PCI device NICs and map them to your networks.

Virtual machine memory requirements

The guest should have a minimum of 4 GB of RAM for the initial 2 virtual CPUs. For each additional CPU, you should add an additional 2 GB of RAM.

If you license additional modules, you should add memory.

Provisioned memory	Supported modules	Details
4 GB or fewer	Two modules maximum.	AAM can be provisioned as standalone only.
4-8 GB	Three modules maximum.	BIG-IP® DNS does not count toward the module limit.

Provisioned memory	Supported modules	Details
		Exception: Application Acceleration Manager™ (AAM®) cannot be provisioned with any other module; AAM is standalone only.
8 GB	Three modules maximum.	BIG-IP DNS does not count toward the module-combination limit.
12 GB or more	All modules.	N/A

Important: To achieve licensing performance limits, all allocated memory must be reserved.

Virtual machine storage requirements

The BIG-IP® modules you want to use determine how much storage the guest needs.

Provisioned storage	Supported modules	Details
8 GB	Local Traffic Manager™ (LTM®) module only; no space for LTM upgrades.	You can increase storage if you need to upgrade LTM or provision additional modules.
38 GB	LTM module only; space for installing LTM upgrades.	You can increase storage if you decide to provision additional modules. You can also install another instance of LTM on a separate partition.
139 GB	All modules and space for installing upgrades.	The Application Acceleration Manager™ (AAM®) module requires 20 GB of additional storage dedicated to AAM. For information about configuring the Datastore volume, see <i>Disk Management for Datastore</i> on the AskF5™ Knowledge Base (http://support.f5.com) for details.

For production environments, virtual disks should be deployed Thick (allocated up front). Thin deployments are acceptable for lab environments.

Note: To change the disk size after deploying the BIG-IP system, see *Increasing disk space for BIG-IP® VE*.

Virtual machine network interfaces

When you deploy BIG-IP® VE, a specific number of virtual network interfaces (vNICs) are available.

For KVM, three virtual NICs are required, at a minimum. More NICs are required if the high availability option is configured.

Each virtual machine can have a maximum of 10 NICs. You can deploy these as either:

- A management interface and 9 dataplane interfaces, or
- A management interface, 8 dataplane interfaces, and an HA interface.

Deploying BIG-IP Virtual Edition in KVM

Deploying BIG-IP VE on KVM

You can create an instance of the BIG-IP[®] system that runs as a virtual machine on the host system.

***Important:** Do not change the configuration (CPU, RAM, and network adapters) of the KVM guest environment with settings less powerful than those recommended and described here.*

1. In a browser, open the F5 Downloads page (<https://downloads.f5.com>) and log in.
2. On the Downloads Overview page, select **Find a Download**.
3. Under Product Line, select **BIG-IP v12.x/Virtual Edition**.
4. Under Name, select **Virtual-Edition**.
5. If the End User Software License is displayed, read it and then click **I Accept**.
6. Download the BIG-IP VE file package ending with `qcow2.zip`.
7. Extract the file from the Zip archive and save it where your `qcow2` files reside on the KVM server.
8. Use VNC to access the KVM server, and then start Virt Manager.
9. Right click **localhost (QEMU)**, and from the popup menu, select **New**.
The Create a new virtual machine, Step 1 of 4 dialog box opens.
10. In the **Name** field, type a name for the connection.
11. Select **import existing disk image** as the method for installing the operating system, and click **Forward**.
12. Type the path to the extracted `qcow` file, or click **Browse** to navigate to the path location; select the file, and then click the **Choose Volume** button to fill in the path.
13. In the **OS type** setting, select **Linux**, for the **Version** setting, select **Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6**, and click **Forward**.
14. In the **Memory (RAM)** field, type the appropriate amount of memory (in megabytes) for your deployment. (For example `4096`, for a 4GB deployment) . From the **CPUs** list, select the number of CPU cores appropriate for your deployment, and click **Forward**.
15. Select **Customize configuration before install**, and click the **Advanced options** arrow.
16. Select the network interface adapter that corresponds to your management IP address, and click **Finish**.
The Virtual Machine configuration dialog box opens.
17. Click **Add Hardware**.
The Add New Virtual Hardware dialog box opens.
18. If SR-IOV is not required, select **Network**.
19. From the **Host device** list, select the network interface adapter for your external network, and from the **Device model** list, select **virtio**. Then click **Finish**.
Do this again for your internal and HA networks.
20. If SR-IOV is required, select **PCI Host Device** and then select the PCI device for to the virtual function mapped to your host device's external VLAN. Then click **Finish**.
Do this again for your host device's internal VLAN and HA VLAN.
21. From the left pane, select **Disk 1**.
22. Click the **Advanced options** button.

23. From the **Disk bus** list, select **Virtio**.
24. From the **Storage format** list, select **qcow2**.
25. Click **Apply**.
26. Click **Begin Installation**.
Virtual Machine Manager creates the virtual machine just as you configured it.

Accessing the BIG-IP VE management user interface

If your network has DHCP, an IP address is automatically assigned to BIG-IP® VE during deployment. You can use this address to access the BIG-IP VE user interface or `tmsh` command-line utility.

If no IP address was assigned, you can assign one by using the BIG-IP Configuration utility.

1. At the login prompt, type `root`.
2. At the password prompt, type `default`.
3. Type `config` and press Enter.
The F5 Management Port Setup screen opens.
4. Click **OK**.
5. If you want DHCP to automatically assign an address for the management port, select **Yes**. Otherwise, select **No** and follow the instructions for manually assigning an IP address and netmask for the management port.

You can use a hypervisor generic statement, such as `tmsh show sys management-ip` to confirm that the management IP address has been properly assigned.

You can now log into the BIG-IP VE user interface, and license and provision BIG-IP VE.

After Deploying BIG-IP VE on KVM

About licensing BIG-IP VE

In order to use BIG-IP VE, you must have a license from F5. In the 12.x versions of BIG-IP, starting with BIG-IP VE version 12.1.3.1, you can revoke the license from a virtual machine and re-use it on another virtual machine.

From the Configuration utility, to revoke the license, go to **System > License** and click **Revoke**.

From tmsh, to revoke the license, run the command `tmsh revoke sys license`.

This functionality works for BIG-IP VE Bring Your Own License (BYOL) only.

Configuring TSO support

The TCP Segmentation Offloading (TSO) feature, which includes support for large receive offload (LRO) and Jumbo Frames, is enabled by default.

Note: You must have the admin user role to enable or disable TSO support.

1. Use an SSH tool to access the BIG-IP[®] VE command line.
2. Log in as `root`.
3. Type `tmsh` to open the `tmsh` utility.
You will see `tmsh` at the prompt once the utility is opened.
4. To determine whether TSO support is currently enabled, use the command:
`show sys db tm.tcpsegmentationoffload`
5. To enable support for TSO, use the command:
`sys db tm.tcpsegmentationoffload enable`
6. To disable support for TSO, use the command:
`sys db tm.tcpsegmentationoffload disable`

Turning off LRO or GRO

Although there are a number of ways to turn off LRO, the most reliable way is to connect to the virtual machine and use the `ethtool` utility.

See the KVM documentation for more details.

Increasing disk space for BIG-IP VE

Before proceeding with these steps, use Virt Manager to expand the disk size for the BIG-IP[®] VE virtual machine and reboot.

Use the BIG-IP VE `tmsh` utility to increase the amount of disk space used by the four BIG-IP VE directories:

- `/config`
- `/shared`

- /var
- /var/log

Note: At the time of this release, decreasing the VE disk size is not supported.

For each directory you want to resize, complete these steps.

1. Use an SSH tool to access the BIG-IP VE `tmsh` utility.
2. From the command line, log in as `root`.
3. List the current size of the directories on your disk so you can determine which ones need to be resized.

```
tmsh show sys disk directory
```
4. Expand the size of the directories in which you need additional space.

```
tmsh modify sys disk directory <directory name> new-size <new directory size in 1KB blocks>
```

For example, use `tmsh modify sys disk directory /config new-size 3145740` to increase the size of `/config` directory to 3145740 1KB blocks (or roughly 3,221,237,760 bytes).
5. To confirm that the command you just submitted is properly scheduled, you can show the new list of directories again.

```
tmsh show sys disk directory
```
6. If you change your mind about a submitted size change, you can revoke the size change.

```
tmsh modify sys disk directory /config new-size 0
```

In this example, the size of the `/config` directory is left as is, revoking any scheduled size changes. After you submit this sequence of `tmsh` commands, the directory size changes will be scheduled to occur the next time the BIG-IP VE virtual machine (VM) is rebooted.

The next time the VM running BIG-IP VE reboots, the changes are applied.

Updating BIG-IP VE

Updating BIG-IP VE

You do not need to reinstall BIG-IP® VE in order to install updates. You can use the Software Management tool in the Configuration utility, or you can upgrade the software from the command line.

To update BIG-IP VE, you will:

1. Download the ISO and MD5 files.
2. Install the downloaded files to an inactive boot location.
3. Boot the BIG-IP VE to the new boot location.

Download and import a BIG-IP VE update

To install an update, BIG-IP software needs access to the ISO file. If the update is a hotfix, you need the ISO files for both the base version and the hotfix.

1. In a browser, open the F5® Downloads page (<https://downloads.f5.com>).
2. Download the version's base ISO file and its associated MD5 checksum file.
3. Download the update ISO file and its associated MD5 checksum file.

***Important:** Before you perform the installation, you should test the integrity of the ISO files to verify that you have downloaded clean copies. Use an MD5 verification program to ensure that the downloaded ISO files' checksums match the values in their corresponding MD5 files.*

4. In the BIG-IP VE user interface, on the Main tab, click **System > Software Management > Image List > Import**.
5. Click **Browse** to navigate to the downloaded base level installation file.
6. When the image name appears in the **Software Image** field, click **Import** to begin the operation.

***Important:** Do not navigate away from this screen before the operation is done.*

When the import is complete, the Import page closes and the downloaded base image displays as an available image.

7. Click the Hotfix List tab.
8. At the right side of the screen, click **Import**.
9. Click **Browse** to navigate to the downloaded hotfix installation file.
10. When the image name appears in the **Software Image** field, click **Import** to begin the operation.

***Important:** Do not navigate away from this screen before the operation is done.*

When the import is complete, the Import page closes and the downloaded hotfix displays in the list of available images.

You can now install the downloaded update.

Install a BIG-IP VE update

After you download and import the software installation image, you can initiate the installation operation. There are three boot locations on which you can install images on the BIG-IP® system. The process for installing a hotfix or a base version is essentially the same.

1. On the Main tab, click **System > Software Management**.
The Software Management Image List screen opens.
2. In the Available Images area, select the software image you want to install and click **Install**.
The Install Software Image popup screen opens.
3. Select the disk you want to install the image on, and then type or select a volume name, and click **Install**.

The upgrade process installs the software on the inactive disk location that you specify. This process usually takes between three and ten minutes.

***Tip:** If there is a problem during installation, you can use log messages to troubleshoot a solution. The system stores the installation log file as `/var/log/liveinstall.log`.*

The software image is installed.

When the installation operation is complete, you can safely reboot the newly installed volume or partition.

Reboot after a BIG-IP VE update

When the installation operation is complete, you can safely reboot into the newly installed volume or partition.

1. On the Main tab, click **System > Software Management**.
The Software Management Image List screen opens.
2. On the menu bar, click **Boot Locations**.
The Boot Locations screen opens.
3. In the Boot Location column, click the link representing the boot location you want to activate.
The properties screen for the boot location opens.
4. Click **Activate**.
A confirmation screen opens.
5. Click **OK** to initiate the reboot operation.
The system presents progress messages during the restart operation.

When the BIG-IP® VE system reboot is complete, the system presents the login screen. To configure the system, log in using an account that has administrative permissions.

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