

BIG-IP[®] Virtual Edition and Linux Xen Project: Setup

Version 13.0



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Getting Started with BIG-IP Virtual Edition in Xen Project

About single NIC and multi-NIC configurations

A typical BIG-IP VE configuration might include four NICs: one for management, one for internal, one for external, and one for high availability.

However, if you want to create a VM for a quick test, you can create a configuration with just one NIC. In this case, BIG-IP VE creates basic networking objects for you.

When BIG-IP VE first boots, it determines the number of active NICs. If BIG-IP VE detects one NIC, then:

- Networking objects (vNIC 1.0, a VLAN named Internal, and an associated self IP address) are created automatically for you.
- The port for the Configuration utility is moved from 443 to 8443.
- High availability (failover) is not supported, but config sync is.
- VLANs must have untagged interfaces.

If BIG-IP VE detects multiple NICs, then you create the networking objects. The port for the Configuration utility remains 443.

You can change the number of NICs after first boot and move from single to multi-NIC and vice versa.

***Note:** If there is no DHCP server in your environment and no IP address automatically assigned, then the networking objects will not be created and the port will not be moved.*

Steps to deploy BIG-IP VE

To deploy the BIG-IP® Virtual Edition (VE) system on Xen Project, you will perform these tasks.

Step	Details
1	Choose the license you want to buy, the BIG-IP VE modules you want, and the throughput you need. See <i>K14810: Overview of BIG-IP® VE license and throughput limits</i> on the AskF5™ Knowledge Base (http://support.f5.com) for details.
2	Confirm that you are running a hypervisor version that is compatible with a BIG-IP VE release. See <i>Virtual Edition and Supported Hypervisors Matrix</i> on http://support.f5.com for details.
3	Verify that the host hardware meets the recommended requirements.
4	If you plan to use SR-IOV, enable it on the hypervisor.
5	Download a BIG-IP VE image and deploy it.
6	If you are running a multi-NIC configuration without DHCP, manually assign an IP address for the BIG-IP Config Utility.

After you complete these tasks, you can log in to the BIG-IP VE system and run the Setup utility to perform basic network configuration.

Prerequisites for BIG-IP Virtual Edition on Xen Project

Host CPU requirements

The host hardware CPU must meet the following requirements.

- The CPU must have 64-bit architecture.
- The CPU must have virtualization support (AMD-V or Intel VT-x) enabled.
- The CPU must support a one-to-one, thread-to-defined virtual CPU ratio, or on single-threading architectures, support at least one core per defined virtual CPU.
- If your CPU supports the Advanced Encryption Standard New Instruction (AES-NI), SSL encryption processing on BIG-IP® VE will be faster. Contact your CPU vendor for details about which CPUs provide AES-NI support.

Host memory requirements

The number of licensed TMM cores determines how much memory the host system requires.

Number of cores	Memory required
1	2 Gb
2	4 Gb
4	8 Gb
8	16 Gb

Configure SR-IOV on the hypervisor

To increase performance, you can enable Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV). You need an SR-IOV-compatible network interface card (NIC) installed and the SR-IOV BIOS must be enabled.

See the Xen Project documentation for details.

To complete SR-IOV configuration, after you deploy BIG-IP® VE, you must add three PCI device NICs and map them to your networks.

Virtual machine memory requirements

The guest should have a minimum of 4 GB of RAM for the initial 2 virtual CPUs. For each additional CPU, you should add an additional 2 GB of RAM.

If you license additional modules, you should add memory.

Provisioned memory	Supported modules	Details
4 GB or fewer	Two modules maximum.	AAM can be provisioned as standalone only.
4-8 GB	Three modules maximum.	BIG-IP® DNS does not count toward the module limit.

Provisioned memory	Supported modules	Details
		Exception: Application Acceleration Manager™ (AAM®) cannot be provisioned with any other module; AAM is standalone only.
8 GB	Three modules maximum.	BIG-IP DNS does not count toward the module-combination limit.
12 GB or more	All modules.	N/A

Important: To achieve licensing performance limits, all allocated memory must be reserved.

Virtual machine storage requirements

The BIG-IP® modules you want to use determine how much storage the guest needs.

Provisioned storage	Supported modules	Details
8 GB	Local Traffic Manager™ (LTM®) module only; no space for LTM upgrades.	You can increase storage if you need to upgrade LTM or provision additional modules.
38 GB	LTM module only; space for installing LTM upgrades.	You can increase storage if you decide to provision additional modules. You can also install another instance of LTM on a separate partition.
139 GB	All modules and space for installing upgrades.	The Application Acceleration Manager™ (AAM®) module requires 20 GB of additional storage dedicated to AAM. For information about configuring the Datastore volume, see <i>Disk Management for Datastore</i> on the AskF5™ Knowledge Base (http://support.f5.com) for details.

For production environments, virtual disks should be deployed Thick (allocated up front). Thin deployments are acceptable for lab environments.

Note: To change the disk size after deploying the BIG-IP system, see *Increasing disk space for BIG-IP® VE*.

Virtual machine network interfaces

When you deploy BIG-IP® VE, a specific number of virtual network interfaces (vNICs) are available.

For Xen Project, three virtual NICs are required, at a minimum. More NICs are required if the high availability option is configured.

Each virtual machine can have a maximum of 10 NICs. You can deploy these as either:

- A management interface and 9 dataplane interfaces, or
- A management interface, 8 dataplane interfaces, and an HA interface.

Deploying BIG-IP Virtual Edition in Xen Project

Deploy BIG-IP VE on Xen Project

To deploy BIG-IP® VE in the open source Xen Project environment, you will create and execute a configuration file.

Important: Do not change the configuration (CPU, RAM, and network adapters) of the Xen Project guest environment with settings less powerful than those recommended and described here.

1. In a browser, open the F5 Downloads page (<https://downloads.f5.com>) and log in.
2. On the Downloads Overview page, select **Find a Download**.
3. Under Product Line, select **BIG-IP v12.x/Virtual Edition**.
4. Under Name, select **Virtual-Edition**.
5. If the End User Software License is displayed, read it and then click **I Accept**.
6. Download the BIG-IP VE file package ending with `qcow2.zip`.
7. Extract the file from the Zip archive and save it where your `qcow2` files reside on the Xen Project server.
8. Use VNC to access the Xen Project server, and then convert the `qcow2` image to the raw format necessary for Xen Project. You can use the following syntax to convert the image.
`# qemu-img convert <qcow_file_name>.qcow2 <raw_file_name>.raw`
9. Generate a MAC address for the network interface card associated with the management interface.

Important: Be sure that the MAC address you create starts with the prefix `00:16:3e:.`

You can use a tool such as MAC Address Generator (<http://www.miniwebtool.com/mac-address-generator/>) to create this address.

10. Use an editor to create a definition file that specifies the required parameters for your VM.
Use the following example to create a configuration file with the parameters and settings you need.

```
# vi /etc/xen/<config_file_name>
```

```
name = <config_file_name>
maxmem = 4096
memory = 4096
vcpus = 2
builder = "hvm"
boot = "c"
pae = 1
acpi = 1
apic = 1
hpet = 1
localtime = 0
on_poweroff = "destroy"
on_reboot = "restart"
on_crash = "restart"
sdl = 0
vnc = 1
vncunused = 1
keymap = "en-us"
disk = [ "file:/mnt/xen-bender/bigip/<raw_file_name.raw>,hda,w" ]
```

```
vif = [ "mac=00:16:<mgmt_interface_mac>,bridge=mgmtbr,script=vif-  
bridge,type=vif",  
      "mac=00:16:3e:<external_interface_mac>,bridge=ext_bridge,script=vif-  
bridge,type=vif",  
      "mac=00:16:3e:<internal_interface_mac>,bridge=int_bridge,script=vif-  
bridge,type=vif", ]  
parallel = "none"  
serial = "pty"  
#pci = [ '05:10.0', '05:10.1' ]
```

Important: The last line of the example shows an optional entry, used for SR-IOV, with the IDs of the PCI external and internal network interface card (NIC). If you use this entry, omit the external and internal bridges specified in the `vif` section.

Once you have tested and saved your configuration file, you are ready to create the BIG-IP VE.

11. Run the configuration file using an open source tool such as `xm`.

```
xm create /etc/xen/<config_file_name>
```

If the startup was successful, the console will display text such as: Started domain `<config_file_name>` (id=444).

12. Allow sufficient time for the boot-up process in order to connect to the BIG-IP VE console.

```
# xm console <config_file_name>
```

Access the BIG-IP VE Configuration utility

If your network has DHCP, an IP address is automatically assigned to BIG-IP® VE during deployment. You can use this address to access the BIG-IP VE Configuration utility or `tmsh` command-line utility.

If no IP address was assigned, you can assign one by using the Configuration utility tool.

1. At the password prompt, type `default`.
2. Type `config` and press Enter.
The F5 Management Port Setup screen opens.
3. Click **OK**.
4. If you want DHCP to automatically assign an address for the management port, select **Yes**. Otherwise, select **No** and follow the instructions for manually assigning an IP address and netmask for the management port.

You can use a hypervisor generic statement, such as `tmsh show sys management-ip` to confirm that the management IP address has been properly assigned.

You can now log into the BIG-IP VE Config utility, and license and provision BIG-IP VE.

After Deploying BIG-IP VE on Xen Project

Configure TSO support

The TCP Segmentation Offloading (TSO) feature, which includes support for large receive offload (LRO) and Jumbo Frames, is enabled by default.

Note: You must have the admin user role to enable or disable TSO support.

1. Use an SSH tool to access the BIG-IP® VE command line.
2. Log in as `root`.
3. Type `tmsh` to open the `tmsh` utility.
You will see `tmsh` at the prompt once the utility is opened.
4. To determine whether TSO support is currently enabled, use the command:

```
show sys db tm.tcpsegmentationoffload
```
5. To enable support for TSO, use the command:

```
sys db tm.tcpsegmentationoffload enable
```
6. To disable support for TSO, use the command:

```
sys db tm.tcpsegmentationoffload disable
```

Increase disk space for BIG-IP VE

Before proceeding with these steps, use Virt Manager to expand the disk size for the BIG-IP® VE virtual machine and reboot.

Use the BIG-IP VE `tmsh` utility to increase the amount of disk space used by the four BIG-IP VE directories:

- `/config`
- `/shared`
- `/var`
- `/var/log`

Note: At the time of this release, decreasing the VE disk size is not supported.

For each directory you want to resize, complete these steps.

1. Use an SSH tool to access the BIG-IP VE `tmsh` utility.
2. From the command line, log in as `root`.
3. List the current size of the directories on your disk so you can determine which ones need to be resized.

```
tmsh show sys disk directory
```
4. Expand the size of the directories in which you need additional space.

```
tmsh modify sys disk directory <directory name> new-size <new directory size in 1KB blocks>
```

For example, use `tmsh modify sys disk directory /config new-size 3145740` to increase the size of `/config` directory to 3145740 1KB blocks (or roughly 3,221,237,760 bytes).

5. To confirm that the command you just submitted is properly scheduled, you can show the new list of directories again.

```
tmsch show sys disk directory
```

6. If you change your mind about a submitted size change, you can revoke the size change.

```
tmsch modify sys disk directory /config new-size 0
```

In this example, the size of the `/config` directory is left as is, revoking any scheduled size changes.

After you submit this sequence of `tmsch` commands, the directory size changes will be scheduled to occur the next time the BIG-IP VE virtual machine (VM) is rebooted.

The next time the VM running BIG-IP VE reboots, the changes are applied.

Enable config sync for BIG-IP VE in Xen Project

Before you can complete this task:

- Both BIG-IP VEs must be running the same version of BIG-IP VE system software.
- The BIG-IP VEs must not have the same device name. To view the name, use the `tmsch` command: `list /cm device`. The device name is in the first line that is returned, for example `cm device bigip1 {`. To change the name, use `mv cm device <current_device_name> <new_device_name>`.

Enable config sync communication when you want to automatically or manually synchronize configuration information.

***Note:** The following steps apply to single-NIC configuration only. If you have multiple NICs, follow the standard procedures for enabling config sync.*

1. Use an SSH tool to connect to each of the BIG-IP VEs.
2. Ensure you are at the `tmsch` prompt.

```
tmsch
```
3. On each BIG-IP VE, disable functionality that enforces single NIC setup.

```
modify sys db provision.lnicautoconfig value disable
```
4. Confirm that the value was set correctly by typing `list sys db provision.lnicautoconfig`. The following text is returned: `value "disable"`.
5. On each BIG-IP VE, specify the static private IP address of the BIG-IP VE itself.

```
modify cm device <device_name> configsync-ip <private_ip_address>
```
6. Establish device trust: On one BIG-IP VE, enter the static private IP address of the other BIG-IP VE, along with its user name and password.

```
modify cm trust-domain add-device { ca-device true device-ip  
<peer_ip_address> device-name <peer_device_name> username <peer_username>  
password <peer_password> }
```
7. On the same BIG-IP VE as the previous step, create a sync-failover device group with network failover disabled.

```
create cm device-group <device_group_name> devices add { <all-bigip-device-  
names-separated-by-space> } type sync-failover auto-sync enabled network-  
failover disabled
```
8. Sync the BIG-IP VE to the other BIG-IP VE.

```
run cm config-sync to-group <device_group_name>
```

Change the NIC used for BIG-IP VE management

By default, management traffic goes through the eth0 NIC and data traffic goes through the other available NICs. If you need to use eth0 for data traffic, you can change the NIC that management traffic goes through.

1. Use SSH to connect to BIG-IP VE.
2. If you need to determine which NICs are available, stop TMM by typing `bigstart stop tmm`. Then type `ip addr` to view the list of available NICs.
3. Change the management NIC by typing `tmmsh modify sys db provision.managementeth value eth1` where `eth1` is the NIC you want to use for management. You can use any available NIC.
4. Press Enter.
5. Reboot BIG-IP VE by typing `reboot` and pressing Enter.

When BIG-IP VE is running again, you can use eth0 for data.

Note: If the subnet associated with the management NIC does not have DHCP, you must assign a new IP address by using the BIG-IP Configuration utility tool.

About routes in a single NIC configuration

If you want to configure a static route that relies on a gateway in the same subnet as the self IP address, you must first disable the setting that enforces single NIC setup:

```
modify sys db provision.lnicautoconfig value disable
```

Confirm that the value is correct by typing `list sys db provision.lnicautoconfig`.

The return value should be `disable`.

If you do not change this value, any time you reboot BIG-IP VE, the manually-configured static route will cause validation errors during `load sys config`.

Change from single NIC to multi-NIC

When you initially boot BIG-IP VE, if it recognized only one NIC, then some network configuration was done automatically. If you want to use more than one NIC, complete the following steps.

1. Use an SSH tool to connect to BIG-IP VE.
2. Return to the default configuration.


```
tmmsh load sys config default
```
3. Save the changes.


```
tmmsh save sys config
```
4. Set a database variable so that the number of NICs will be recognized on reboot.


```
setdb provision.lnic enable
```
5. Reboot BIG-IP VE.


```
reboot
```

When the BIG-IP VE instance is up and running, multiple NICs will be recognized and you can begin configuring BIG-IP VE.

Change from multi-NIC to single NIC

If you have a BIG-IP VE configuration with multiple NICs, you can simplify the configuration to have only one NIC. When you boot the BIG-IP VE and only one NIC is recognized, some networking objects are created automatically for you.

1. Use an SSH tool to connect to BIG-IP VE.
2. Return to the default configuration of BIG-IP VE.

```
tmsm load sys config default
```

3. Save the changes.

```
tmsm save sys config
```

4. Set a database variable so that the number of NICs will be recognized on reboot.

```
setdb provision.lnic forced_enable
```

5. Reboot BIG-IP VE.

```
reboot
```

When the BIG-IP VE instance is up and running, it will have a single NIC and related network objects will be created.

Updating BIG-IP VE

Updating BIG-IP VE

You do not need to reinstall BIG-IP® VE in order to install updates. You can use the Software Management tool in the Configuration utility, or you can upgrade the software from the command line.

To update BIG-IP VE, you will:

1. Download the ISO and MD5 files.
2. Install the downloaded files to an inactive boot location.
3. Boot the BIG-IP VE to the new boot location.

Download and import a BIG-IP VE update

To install an update, BIG-IP software needs access to the ISO file. If the update is a hotfix, you need the ISO files for both the base version and the hotfix.

1. In a browser, open the F5® Downloads page (<https://downloads.f5.com>).
2. Download the version's base ISO file and its associated MD5 checksum file.
3. Download the update ISO file and its associated MD5 checksum file.

***Important:** Before you perform the installation, you should test the integrity of the ISO files to verify that you have downloaded clean copies. Use an MD5 verification program to ensure that the downloaded ISO files' checksums match the values in their corresponding MD5 files.*

4. In the BIG-IP VE user interface, on the Main tab, click **System > Software Management > Image List > Import**.
5. Click **Browse** to navigate to the downloaded base level installation file.
6. When the image name appears in the **Software Image** field, click **Import** to begin the operation.

***Important:** Do not navigate away from this screen before the operation is done.*

When the import is complete, the Import page closes and the downloaded base image displays as an available image.

7. Click the Hotfix List tab.
8. At the right side of the screen, click **Import**.
9. Click **Browse** to navigate to the downloaded hotfix installation file.
10. When the image name appears in the **Software Image** field, click **Import** to begin the operation.

***Important:** Do not navigate away from this screen before the operation is done.*

When the import is complete, the Import page closes and the downloaded hotfix displays in the list of available images.

You can now install the downloaded update.

Install a BIG-IP VE update

After you download and import the software installation image, you can initiate the installation operation. There are three boot locations on which you can install images on the BIG-IP® system. The process for installing a hotfix or a base version is essentially the same.

1. On the Main tab, click **System > Software Management**.
The Software Management Image List screen opens.
2. In the Available Images area, select the software image you want to install and click **Install**.
The Install Software Image popup screen opens.
3. Select the disk you want to install the image on, and then type or select a volume name, and click **Install**.

The upgrade process installs the software on the inactive disk location that you specify. This process usually takes between three and ten minutes.

***Tip:** If there is a problem during installation, you can use log messages to troubleshoot a solution. The system stores the installation log file as `/var/log/liveinstall.log`.*

The software image is installed.

When the installation operation is complete, you can safely reboot the newly installed volume or partition.

Reboot after a BIG-IP VE update

When the installation operation is complete, you can safely reboot into the newly installed volume or partition.

1. On the Main tab, click **System > Software Management**.
The Software Management Image List screen opens.
2. On the menu bar, click **Boot Locations**.
The Boot Locations screen opens.
3. In the Boot Location column, click the link representing the boot location you want to activate.
The properties screen for the boot location opens.
4. Click **Activate**.
A confirmation screen opens.
5. Click **OK** to initiate the reboot operation.
The system presents progress messages during the restart operation.

When the BIG-IP® VE system reboot is complete, the system presents the login screen. To configure the system, log in using an account that has administrative permissions.

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